

# RVBP

## Respiratory Virus & Bacteria Panel

**GA Test Code** 2001

**Method** *FDA-cleared* FilmArray® Respiratory Panel by multiplex RT-PCR

<u>Virus</u>	<u>Sensitivity</u>	<u>Specificity</u>
Adenovirus	88.9%	98.3%
Coronavirus HKU1	95.8%	99.8%
Coronavirus NL63	95.8%	100%
Coronavirus 229E	100%	99.8%
Coronavirus OC43	100%	99.6%
Influenza A	90.0%	99.8%
Influenza A H1	100%	100%
Influenza A H1 2009	100%	99.6%
Influenza A H3	100%	100%
Influenza B	100%	100%
Metapneumovirus	94.6%	99.2%
Parainfluenza 1	97.1%	99.9%
Parainfluenza 2	100%	99.8%
Parainfluenza 3	95.8%	98.8%
Parainfluenza 4	100%	99.9%
Respiratory Syncytial Virus	100%	89.1%
Rhinovirus/Enterovirus	92.7%	94.6%
<u>Bacteria</u>		
<i>Bordetella pertussis</i>	94.6%	99.9%
<i>Chlamydomphila pneumoniae</i>	100%	100%
<i>Mycoplasma pneumoniae</i>	84.4%	100%

**Specimens** **Upper Respiratory Swab (e.g. nasopharyngeal):** Collect only on a swab with a synthetic tip (such as polyester or Dacron®) and an aluminum or plastic shaft. Do not use a calcium alginate or wood-shafted swab. Place the swab in 1-2 ml sterile saline or universal transport medium in a sterile leak-proof container. Specimen can be held up to 4 days at room temperature or 30 days frozen.  
**Bronchoalveolar Lavages, Respiratory Washes:** 3.0 mL (1.0 mL), sterile leak-proof container. Ship ambient within 96 hours of collection.  
**Other Samples:** Please contact GA for questions about other specimens.

**Causes for Rejection** Calcium alginate or wood-shafted swab; time and/or temperature instructions not followed as specified; quantity not sufficient (QNS) for analysis.

**Reference Range** Not Detected

**Turnaround Time** 1-6 hours from receipt of sample

**CPT Codes** 87633, 87798, 87486, 87581

**Description**

The *FDA-cleared* FilmArray Respiratory Panel tests for a comprehensive panel of 20 respiratory viruses and bacteria which cause upper respiratory tract infections.

**Clinical Utility**

A positive PCR result for any 1 of the specific targets indicates the presence of the respective organism in the specimen. A negative result indicates the absence of detectable DNA in the specimen, but does not rule out infection with these or other enteric pathogens. False-negative results may occur due to inhibition of PCR (known inhibition rate of <1%).

**Genetic Assays, Inc.**