

**EV****Enterovirus RNA by rRT-PCR - Qualitative**

<b>GA Test Code</b>	<b>4025</b>
<b>Method</b>	Reverse Transcriptase - Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR) Real-time PCR (rPCR)
<b>Specimens</b>	<b>CSF:</b> 1.0 mL (0.2 mL), refrigerated (7 days) or frozen. <b>Plasma (ACD, EDTA, or PPT):</b> 3.0 mL (1.0 mL), separated/centrifuged within 6 hours, refrigerated or frozen ( <i>do not freeze in PPT</i> ). If storing longer than 24 hours, store frozen. <b>Whole Blood (ACD or EDTA):</b> 5.0 mL (3.0 mL), ambient (4 days), refrigerated (7 days). <b>Urine:</b> 10.0 mL (5.0 mL), refrigerated (7 days). <b>Serum:</b> 2.0 mL (1.0 mL), refrigerated (7 days) or frozen. <b>Amniotic Fluid:</b> 5.0 mL (1.0 mL), discard first 2 mL, and then collect 3-5 mL in a sterile plastic conical tube or one T-25 flask of confluent cells, refrigerated (7 days). <b>Swab:</b> upper respiratory or rectal, ambient. Ship in viral transport medium or sterile saline solution. <b>Stool:</b> 4-8 g of feces, screw-cap container, refrigerated (7 days). Do <b>not</b> dilute the specimen or use preservatives. <b>Other Samples:</b> Please contact GA for questions about other specimens.
<b>Causes for Rejection</b>	Quantity not sufficient (QNS) for analysis; time and/or temperature instructions not followed; blood in heparin; plasma frozen in PPT.
<b>Reference Range</b>	Not Detected
<b>Turnaround Time</b>	Same or Next Day
<b>CPT Code</b>	87498

**Description**

Enterovirus genomic RNA is targeted using Reverse Transcriptase-Polymerase Chain Reaction (RT-PCR) and then detected using Real-time PCR.

**Clinical Utility**

The enteroviruses (EV) are a group of RNA viruses that comprise approximately 72 serotypes of human enteroviruses including polioviruses, Coxsackie A or B viruses and echoviruses. These viruses are responsible for >85% of cases of aseptic meningitis and are particularly difficult to diagnose in infants and young children. While cell culture remains the standard in isolating these viruses, it can take up to seven days to grow and identify the virus and up to three weeks to report a negative. Although unable to differentiate between individual viruses within the family, EV-specific group analysis by RT-PCR is particularly useful in suspected cases of aseptic meningitis because it enables rapid diagnosis.

This assay was designed to detect the most commonly reported EV serotypes isolated from patients with meningitis. Twenty-seven EV serotypes are identified: Coxsackie viruses A3, A7, A9, A16, and B1 through B6; echoviruses 2 through 7, 9, 11, 14, 16, 18, 21, 24, 30, and 31; and EV's 70 and 71.

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